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accurately described above by the proper shipping name, and are classified, packaged, marked and labelled/placarded, and are in all respects in proper condition for transport according to applicable international and national governmental regulations."

- (b) Exceptions. (1) Except for a hazardous waste, no certification is required for a hazardous material offered for transportation by motor vehicle and transported:
- (i) In a cargo tank supplied by the carrier, or
- (ii) By the shipper as a private carrier except for a hazardous material that is to be reshipped or transferred from one carrier to another.
- (2) No certification is required for the return of an empty tank car which previously contained a hazardous material and which has not been cleaned or purged
- (c) Transportation by air—(1) General. Certification containing the following language may be used in place of the certification required by paragraph (a) of this section:

I hereby certify that the contents of this consignment are fully and accurately described above by proper shipping name and are classified, packaged, marked and labeled, and in proper condition for carriage by air according to applicable national governmental regulations.

NOTE TO PARAGRAPH (c)(1): In the certification, the word "packed" may be used instead of the word "packaged" until October 1, 2010.

- (2) Certificate in duplicate. Each person who offers a hazardous material to an aircraft operator for transportation by air shall provide two copies of the certification required in this section. (See § 175.30 of this subchapter.)
- (3) Additional certification requirements. Effective October 1, 2006, each person who offers a hazardous material for transportation by air must add to the certification required in this section the following statement:
- "I declare that all of the applicable air transport requirements have been met."
- (i) Each person who offers any package or overpack of hazardous materials for transport by air must ensure that:
- (A) The articles or substances are not prohibited for transport by air (see the §172.101 Table);

- (B) The articles or substances are properly classed, marked and labeled and otherwise in a condition for transport as required by this subchapter;
- (C) The articles or substances are packaged in accordance with all the applicable air transport requirements, including appropriate types of packaging that conform to the packing requirements and the "A" Special Provisions in §172.102; inner packaging and maximum quantity per package limits; the compatibility requirements (see, for example, §173.24 of this subchapter); and requirements for closure for both inner and outer packagings, absorbent materials, and pressure differential in §173.27 of this subchapter. Other requirements may also apply. For example, single packagings may be prohibited, inner packaging may need to be packed in intermediate packagings, and certain materials may be required to be transported in packagings meeting a more stringent performance level.
 - (ii) [Reserved]
- (4) Radioactive material. Each person who offers any radioactive material for transportation aboard a passenger-carrying aircraft shall sign (mechanically or manually) a printed certificate stating that the shipment contains radioactive material intended for use in, or incident to, research, or medical diagnosis or treatment.
- (d) *Signature.* The certifications required by paragraph (a) or (c) of this section:
- (1) Must be legibly signed by a principal, officer, partner, or employee of the shipper or his agent; and
- (2) May be legibly signed manually, by typewriter, or by other mechanical means.

[Amdt. 172-29A, 41 FR 40677, Sept. 20, 1976]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting § 172.204, see the List of CFR Sections Affected which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and on GPO Access.

§172.205 Hazardous waste manifest.

(a) No person may offer, transport, transfer, or deliver a hazardous waste (waste) unless an EPA Form 8700-22 and 8700-22A (when necessary) hazardous waste manifest (manifest) is prepared in accordance with 40 CFR

262.20 and is signed, carried, and given as required of that person by this section.

- (b) The shipper (generator) shall prepare the manifest in accordance with 40 CFR part 262.
- (c) The original copy of the manifest must be dated by, and bear the handwritten signature of, the person representing:
- (1) The shipper (generator) of the waste at the time it is offered for transportation, and
- (2) The initial carrier accepting the waste for transportation.
- (d) A copy of the manifest must be dated by, and bear the handwritten signature of the person representing:
- (1) Each subsequent carrier accepting the waste for transportation, at the time of acceptance, and
- (2) The designated facility receiving the waste, upon receipt.
- (e) A copy of the manifest bearing all required dates and signatures must be:
- (1) Given to a person representing each carrier accepting the waste for transportation,
- (2) Carried during transportation in the same manner as required by this subchapter for shipping papers,
- (3) Given to a person representing the designated facility receiving the waste,
- (4) Returned to the shipper (generator) by the carrier that transported the waste from the United States to a foreign destination with a notation of the date of departure from the United States, and
- (5) Retained by the shipper (generator) and by the initial and each subsequent carrier for three years from the date the waste was accepted by the initial carrier. Each retained copy must bear all required signatures and dates up to and including those entered by the next person who received the waste.
- (f) Transportation by rail. Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, the following requirements apply:
- (1) When accepting hazardous waste from a non-rail transporter, the initial rail transporter must:
- (i) Sign and date the manifest acknowledging acceptance of the hazardous waste:

- (ii) Return a signed copy of the manifest to the non-rail transporter;
- (iii) Forward at least three copies of the manifest to:
- (A) The next non-rail transporter, if any;
- (B) The designated facility, if the shipment is delivered to that facility by rail; or
- (C) The last rail transporter designated to handle the waste in the United States; and
- (iv) Retain one copy of the manifest and rail shipping paper in accordance with 40 CFR 263.22.
- (2) Rail transporters must ensure that a shipping paper containing all the information required on the manifest (excluding the EPA identification numbers, generator certification and signatures) and, for exports, an EPA Acknowledgment of Consent accompanies the hazardous waste at all times. Intermediate rail transporters are not required to sign either the manifest or shipping paper.
- (3) When delivering hazardous waste to the designated facility, a rail transporter must:
- (i) Obtain the date of delivery and handwritten signature of the owner or operator of the designated facility on the manifest or the shipping paper (if the manifest has not been received by the facility); and
- (ii) Retain a copy of the manifest or signed shipping paper in accordance with 40 CFR 263.22.
- (4) When delivering hazardous waste to a non-rail transporter, a rail transporter must:
- (i) Obtain the date of delivery and the handwritten signature of the next non-rail transporter on the manifest; and
- (ii) Retain a copy of the manifest in accordance with 40 CFR 263.22.
- (5) Before accepting hazardous waste from a rail transporter, a non-rail transporter must sign and date the manifest and provide a copy to the rail transporter.
- (g) The person delivering a hazardous waste to an initial rail carrier shall send a copy of the manifest, dated and signed by a representative of the rail carrier, to the person representing the designated facility.

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- (h) A hazardous waste manifest required by 40 CFR part 262, containing all of the information required by this subpart, may be used as the shipping paper required by this subpart.
- (i) The shipping description for a hazardous waste must be modified as required by §172.101(c)(9).

[Amdt. 172–58, 45 FR 34698, May 22, 1980, as amended by Amdt. 172–90, 49 FR 10510, Mar. 20, 1984; 49 FR 11184, Mar. 26, 1984; Amdt. 172–248, 61 FR 28675, June 5, 1996; 70 FR 34075, June 13, 2005]

Subpart D—Marking

§172.300 Applicability.

- (a) Each person who offers a hazardous material for transportation shall mark each package, freight container, and transport vehicle containing the hazardous material in the manner required by this subpart.
- (b) When assigned the function by this subpart, each carrier that transports a hazardous material shall mark each package, freight container, and transport vehicle containing the hazardous material in the manner required by this subpart.

[Amdt. 172–101, 45 FR 74666, Nov. 10, 1980]

§ 172.301 General marking requirements for non-bulk packagings.

- (a) Proper shipping name and identification number. (1) Except as otherwise provided by this subchapter, each person who offers a hazardous material for transportation in a non-bulk packaging must mark the package with the proper shipping name and identification number (preceded by "UN" or "NA," as appropriate) for the material as shown in the §172.101 Table. Identification numbers are not required on packagings that contain only ORM-D materials or limited quantities, as defined in §171.8 of this subchapter, except for limited quantities marked in accordance with the marking requirements in §172.315.
- (2) The proper shipping name for a hazardous waste (as defined in §171.8 of this subchapter) is not required to include the word "waste" if the package bears the EPA marking prescribed by 40 CFR 262.32.

- (3) Large quantities of a single hazardous material in non-bulk packages. A transport vehicle or freight container containing only a single hazardous material in non-bulk packages must be marked, on each side and each end as specified in the §172.332 or §172.336, with the identification number specified for the hazardous material in the §172.101 Table, subject to the following provisions and limitations:
- (i) Each package is marked with the same proper shipping name and identification number;
- (ii) The aggregate gross weight of the hazardous material is 4,000 kg (8,820 pounds) or more;
- (iii) All of the hazardous material is loaded at one loading facility;
- (iv) The transport vehicle or freight container contains no other material, hazardous or otherwise; and
- (v) The identification number marking requirement of this paragraph (a)(3) does not apply to Class 1, Class 7, or to non-bulk packagings for which identification numbers are not required.
- (b) Technical names. In addition to the marking required by paragraph (a) of this section, each non-bulk packaging containing a hazardous material subject to the provisions of §172.203(k) of this part, except for a Division 6.2 material, must be marked with the technical name in parentheses in association with the proper shipping name in accordance with the requirements and exceptions specified for display of technical descriptions on shipping papers in §172.203(k) of this part. A technical name should not be marked on the outer package of a Division 6.2 material.
- (c) Special permit packagings. Except as provided in §173.23 of this subchapter, the outside of each package authorized by a special permit must be plainly and durably marked "DOT-SP" followed by the special permit number assigned. Packages authorized by an exemption issued prior to October 1, 2007, may be plainly and durably marked "DOT-E" in lieu of "DOT-SP" followed by the number assigned as specified in the most recent version of that exemption.
- (d) Consignee's or consignor's name and address. Each person who offers for transportation a hazardous material in